SAFETY DATA SHEET

PROWAXX 1254 SR

ExonMobil

1/10

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: PROWAXX 1254 SR
Product description	: Paraffinic Hydrocarbons
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Wax
Uses advised against	: This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the identified uses above.
Supplier	: EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION
	22777 Springwoods Village Parkway Spring, TX_77389_USA
24-Hour emergency telephone number	: 1-800-424-9300 / +1 703-741-5970 / +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)
Product Technical Information	: 800-662-4525
SDS Internet Address	: www.sds.exxonmobil.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
Classification of the substance or mixture	: Not classified.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.
Note	: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury. For hot product: Immediately immerse in or flush affected area with large amounts of cold water to dissipate heat. Cover with clean cotton sheeting or gauze and get prompt medical attention.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is

conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health effect	<u>ets</u>	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	: No specific data.	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours after injection.	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.	
Hazardous combustion products	: Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, sulfur oxides, Wax fumes	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Assure an extended cooling down period to prevent re-ignition. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 29 February 2024 Date of previous issue : 29 February 2024 Version : 3 2/10	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. The National Response Center can be reached at (800)424-8802.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Skim from surface. Warn other shipping. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Thermal burn hazard - contact with hot material may cause thermal burns. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Static Accumulator	:	This material in the liquid state is a static accumulator. A liquid is typically considered a nonconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m (100x10E-12 Siemens per meter) and is considered a semiconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m. Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same. A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, anti-static additives and filtration can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
paraffin wax	 [Air contaminant - Decomposition product(s)] ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Paraffin wax fume] TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [PARAFFIN WAX FUME] TWA: 2 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Fume CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Paraffin wax fume] TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours.

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. If product is hot, thermally protective, chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely, wear gauntlet style gloves.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. If product is hot, thermally protective, chemical resistant apron and long sleeves are recommended.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

4/10

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: White
Odor	: Mild
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: 50.5 to 52.5°C (122.9 to 126.5°F) [ASTM D87]
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Open cup: 204°C (399.2°F) [ASTM D-92]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Ignitable
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: <0.1 mm Hg [20 °C] [Estimated]
Relative vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.82 [ASTM D1298]
Solubility in water	: Negligible
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: 3.3 cSt [100 °C] [ASTM D 445]
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Temperature above melting point. Excessive heat.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

5/10

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingradiant name	Test	Species	Peoult	Duration
Product/ingredient name		Species	Result	Duration
PROWAXX 1254 SR	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	>2000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary				
Inhalation	: Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material.			
Dermal	: Minimally Toxic. Data available. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test (s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402			
Oral	: Minimally Toxic. Data available. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test (s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 420			
Irritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin			mperatures. Data avail) equivalent or similar to	able. Based on test data OECD Guideline 404
Eyes	: May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Data available. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 405			
Respiratory	: Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. No end point data for material. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapors, mist, or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, or lungs.			
Sensitization				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin			ata available. Based on similar to OECD Guideli	test data for structurally ne 406
Respiratory	: Not expected to be a	respiratory sensiti	zer. No end point data f	for material.
Mutagenicity				
Conclusion/Summary			n. Data available. Base uivalent or similar to OE	
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary			vailable. Based on test d to OECD Guideline 453	ata for structurally similar
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary			ant. Data available. Bas juivalent or similar to OE	
Specific target organ toxic	<u>ity (single exposure)</u>			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to caus material.	e organ damage f	rom a single exposure.	No end point data for
Specific target organ toxic	ity (repeated exposure)			
Conclusion/Summary		est data for structu	rom prolonged or repeat rally similar materials. T 453	
Aspiration hazard				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to be an material. Data availa		d. Based on physico-ch	emical properties of the
Other information				
Product	Did not cause mutation microscopic inflamma some increased orga accumulation of satur animal tests and hum	ons in vitro. High c atory changes (mid n weights, inflamn rated mineral hydr an subjects. Elev	ral doses in one rat stra	spleen, and lymph nodes, ral valve, and ies. Non-sensitizing in echanical action may

Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

<u>Toxicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	
Acute toxicity	: Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.
Chronic toxicity	: Not expected to demonstrate chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms.
Persistence and degradabili	ity
Biodegradability	: Hydrocarbon component Expected to be inherently biodegradable
Bioaccumulative potential	
Conclusion/Summary	: Hydrocarbon component Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.
<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Mobility	 Hydrocarbon component Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids. Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land.
Other ecological information	<u>n</u>
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
0	

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Label(s) / Marks				
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Date of issue/Date of revis	ion : 29 February 2024	Date of previous issue	: 29 February 2024	Version :3 7/1

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user	1	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the
		event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

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U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA 302/304	
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 313</u>	
This material contains no cl Program.	hemicals subject to the supplier notification requirements of the SARA 313 Toxic Release
State regulations	
Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania	: None of the components are listed.
Illinois	: None of the components are listed.
Inventory list	

Australia inventory (AIIC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory (DSL-NDSL)	: All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory (CSCL)	: Not determined.
Japan inventory (Industrial Safety and Health Act)	: Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory (KECI)	: All components are listed or exempted.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 15. Regulatory information

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)

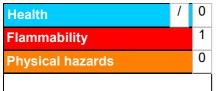
: All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

: All components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Not classified.

New Jersey Right to Know Disclosure

	Name	CAS #
Not applicable.		
History		•
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 29 February 2024	
Date of previous issue	: 29 February 2024	
Version	: 3	
Key to abbreviations	 : 3 : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations 	
References	: Not available.	
Indicates information the	at has changed from previously issued version.	
Product code	: 401010205041_1292981	
Notice to reader		

Section 16. Other information

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